Q. In reference to uncollectible bills, please provide particulars as to the Company's practice to collect on these outstanding amounts, including specific information on the "improved management of credit and collections", and further particulars as to what point the Company writes off amounts owing.

## A. Improved Management of Credit and Collections

The process of collecting outstanding amounts from accounts that have been closed or disconnected includes:

- 1. The immediate issuance of a bill indicating the amount outstanding;
- 2. Several attempted contacts by telephone or in the field; and,
- 3. If the customer has opened a new electrical account with Newfoundland Power, the automatic transfer of the balance owing to the new account.

 In cases where the customer has not applied for a new electrical service, and where the customer has not responded to our attempts to collect the outstanding balance, the outstanding accounts are placed with a collection agency. Currently, four collection agencies are contracted by Newfoundland Power to collect outstanding accounts and their performance is monitored on a regular basis. This process of transferring accounts to collection agencies provides regular collection of many of these balances, thereby reducing the overall write off.

Effective credit management also contributes to the collection of outstanding amounts and thus minimizes the number of accounts that are released to a collection agency. For instance, through a co-operative effort with the Provincial Department of Human Resources and Employment ("HRE"), the Company has increased customers' awareness and resulting participation in the Redirect Program. Through this program, once the clients have been enrolled in the Company's Equal Payment Plan, HRE makes payment on the clients' behalf directly to the Company. This has reduced the number of disconnects for debt amongst social assistance recipients.

In addition, over the past several years the Company has concentrated its collection efforts on accounts in the earliest stages of overdue status, thereby minimizing the number of accounts that move into the older and riskier overdue categories. This approach has been instrumental in reducing the number of disconnects, managing accounts receivable, reducing net write-offs and minimizing the number of accounts released to collection agencies.

## Write-offs

Accounts that cannot be collected through conventional means (as noted above) are transferred to collection agencies. At the point of transfer, these accounts are placed in a reserve status. Amounts subsequently collected on those accounts are applied against the amounts outstanding. On a monthly basis, the net amounts are written-off.

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- 1 The collection agencies will continue to actively collect on these accounts until it
- becomes clear that the amounts are no longer collectible (e.g. death, bankruptcy), or the
- 3 statutory limitations have been reached.