

1 Q. **Reference: Volume I, page 3.11, Operations Costs – Table 3-5**

2 Hydro notes that a key driver of the increases in operating costs includes market-driven contract
3 cost escalations, including higher contract labour costs.

4 a) Illustrate the market-driven cost escalations and higher contract labour costs that Hydro
5 is experiencing.

6 b) What rate of increase is Hydro using in its forecast for contract costs and contract
7 labour?

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10 A. a) Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro (“Hydro”) has experienced market-driven increases in
11 contractor pricing, including higher rates for recurring maintenance and operational
12 contracts due to inflationary pressures and competition for skilled contractor resources.
13 Examples include vegetation management, snow clearing, boiler maintenance, general
14 maintenance, and engine and generator maintenance contracts.

15 b) Hydro uses a zero-based budget approach for its contract labour costs. Budget expenditures
16 are based on operating requirement expectations and budgeted on a detailed level. During
17 the 2025 budget cycle, departments were required to develop the expected expenditures
18 for 2025 to 2027, which ultimately became the 2027 Test Year figures. There was no specific
19 escalation rate provided for contract labour. For that reason, it will vary from contract to
20 contract. Some costs would be based on actual escalated contract rates or industry trends.
21 Any escalations would have been determined based on the given circumstances and the
22 discretion of the budget holder of the designated area.